

The Spring Partnership Trust – Knowledge Organiser

Geography Focus	Settlements and Populations	Year 4	Spring 1
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What? (Key Knowledge)	
How does population change?	Population changes as a result of natural increase/ decrease (the difference between the number of births and deaths) and migration.
Know the push and pull factors of urbanisation and immigration.	Pull factors: More facilities, more jobs, better education and health services, improved living conditions
	Push factors: Unemployment, crop failure, few facilities, poor education.
Settlement locations	Originally settlements are situated near drinking water, resources, fertile lands, and defensive locations, trade ports.
How are settlements organised	Smaller settlements can be categorised by shape (linear, nucleated and dispersed) Larger settlements are organised through land use.
What are settlements called and what are they like?	Hamlet, village, town, city, mega city. Larger settlements have more facilities, opportunities and populations/
How do cities change across the world?	Cities in less developed countries are less organised, with slums and have greater inequality.

What? (Key vocab)	
Spelling	Definition
Population	The number of people living in an area
Settlement	A place where people live and establish a community
Migrants	a person who moves from one place to another to live or work.
urbanisation	An area/ country becoming more urban
Urban	Towns or cities
Rural	The countryside
Population density	Number of people divided by the land area.
Immigrants	A person who moves from one country to another to live or work
Land use	The way land is used by people
CBD	Central Business District
Death rate	The number of deaths per year
Birth rate	The number of births per year
Multicultural	An area made up of many cultures, religions or ethnicities.

Diagrams and Symbols

Central Business District (CBD)
Factories / Industry
Working class housing

Middle class housing
a Commuter zone
b High class housing

Settlement Shape
• = Buildings

Increase in size of settlement, higher population and more services

Decrease in frequency

Angola 2015
Population: 21,843,000

United Kingdom 2015
Population: 63,932,000